

SECURIT



SION

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: October 31, 2004

Estimated average burden hours per response..... 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

42004

## **ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5** PART III

**FACING PAGE** 

Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/06 12/31/06 AND ENDING MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: CURREN & CO. OFFICIAL USE ONLY ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) FIRM I.D. NO. 1900 MAIN STREET, SUITE 325 (No. and Street) IRVINE CALIFORNIA 92614 (City) (State) (Zip Code) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT BILL CURREN 949/476-3230 (Area Code - Telephone Number) **B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION** INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\* GOODRICH, BARON, GOODYEAR, LLP (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name) 6700 E. PACIFIC COAST HWY., SUITE 255, LONG BEACH, (Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code) CHECK ONE: M Certified Public Accountant ☐ Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond SEC 1410 (06-02) unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

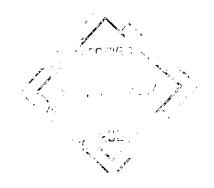
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the

### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

۱,	BILL CURRE	<u>N</u>	, swea	r (or affirm) that, to the best of
my know	ledge and belief the accompanying fir	nancial statement an	d supporting schedules	pertaining to the firm of
		CURREN &	co.	, as
of	DECEMBER 31.			
	he company nor any partner, proprieto			
		· -	or unector has any prop	orietary interest in any account
assiiieo	l solely as that of a customer, except a	s follows:	•	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
			Z.1/	
		_	18/10	luc
			Signatur	re /
			PRESIDENT	
			Title	
			11116	
See a	attached.			
	Notary Public			
	rt ** contains (check all applicable bo	xes):		
	acing Page.			
\ ' / ·	tatement of Financial Condition. tatement of Income (Loss).			
• • •	tatement of Meome (Loss).	Ministra Carlo ma		
	tatement of Changes in Stockholders'		or Sale Proprietors' Ca	nital
	tatement of Changes in Liabilities Sub			pitai.
(g) C	Computation of Net Capital.	or united to claim	o or oroanore.	
	Computation for Determination of Rese	erve Requirements l	Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	
	nformation Relating to the Possession			
(j) A	Reconciliation, including appropriate	explanation of the	Computation of Net Car	pital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
C	computation for Determination of the I	Reserve Requiremen	nts Under Exhibit A of F	Rule 15c3-3.
] (k) A	Reconciliation between the audited a	nd unaudited Stater	nents of Financial Cond	ition with respect to methods of
_	onsolidation.			<u>-</u>
	n Oath or Affirmation.			
(m) A	copy of the SIPC Supplemental Repo	rt.		
(n) A	report describing any material inadequ	acies found to exist	or found to have existed s	since the date of the previous audi
(o) I	ndependent Auditors' Report on I	nternal Accounti	ng Control	
For con	iditions of confidential treatment of ce	rtain portions of th	is filing, see section 240	.17a-5(e)(3).

## **JURAT WITH AFFIANT STATEMENT**

State of <u>CALIFORNIA</u>	
County of LOS ANGELES	<b>85.</b>
X See Attached Document (Notary to cross out	lines 1-8 below)
See Statement Below (Lines 1-7 to be comple	
boo billionion Dolon (Dales 1 ) to ob compa	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8Signature of Document Signer No. 1	Signature of Document Signer No. 2 (if any)
GEORGIA F. SHAW Commission # 1594071 Notary Public - California Los Angeles County My Comm. Expires Jul 9, 2009	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before  me this2ND day ofFEBRUARY,
Place Notary Seal Here	Name of Signer(s)  Lessyne J Llaw  Signature of Notary Public
Though the information below is not required by law, is valuable to persons relying on the document and could fraudulent removal and reattachment of this form to and	prevent OF SIGNER #1 OF SIGNER #2
FURTHER DESCRIPTION OF ANY ATTACHED	DOCUMENT
Title or type of Document: N/A	
Document Date: Number of page	s:
Signer(s) Other Than Named Above:	<del></del>



## **CURREN & COMPANY**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

## **CONTENTS**

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Statement of Income	3
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-8
Additional Information:	
Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1	9
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements	
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3	10
Information Relating to the Possession or Control	
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3	11
Reconciliation of net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3	12
Report on Internal Accounting Control	13-14



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors Curren & Company Irvine, California

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Curren & Company as of December 31, 2006, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Curren & Company as of December 31, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Page 9-12 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule I7a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Gardied Baron Goodgear, CCP

Long Beach, California February 3, 2007

# CURREN & COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

**DECEMBER 31, 2006** 

#### **ASSETS**

Cash in bank	\$ 12,208
Deposit Clearing agent	75,369
Receivable - Clearing agent	13,369
Marketable securities	197,941
Other receivable – Employees	9,326
Prepaid expenses	5,375
Property and equipment, net	1,621
Deferred tax asset	66
Other assets	6,188

Total assets \$ <u>321,463</u>

#### LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

#### Liabilities:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<b>\$ 12,282</b>
Payables to broker/dealer – Clearance account	<u>82,450</u>

Total liabilities 94,732

#### Stockholder's equity:

Common stock without par value; authorized,

issued and outstanding, 100 shares \$ 54,758 Retained earnings \$ 171,973

Total stockholder's equity <u>226,731</u>

Total liabilities and stockholder's equity \$ <u>321,463</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## CURREN & COMPANY STATEMENT OF INCOME

## YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Revenues:		
Commissions		\$ 638,710
Interest and dividends		53,817
Realized and unrealized gains and losses		<u>107,267</u>
Total revenues		799,794
Expenses:		
Employee compensation and benefits	\$ 551,170	
Rent	73,120	
Floor brokerage, exchange clearance		
and regulatory fees	60,214	
Outside services	9,936	
Office expenses	54,089	
Telephone	10,836	
Professional fees	10,625	
Interest	5,594	
Depreciation	1,334	
Other expenses	5,260	
Total expenses		<u>782,178</u>
Income before income taxes		17,616
Income taxes:		
Current	1,149	
Deferred	6,490	
Total income taxes		7,639
Net income		\$ <u>9,977</u>

# CURREN & COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Common Stock_	Retained <u>Earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ 54,758	161,996	216,521
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2006		<u>9,977</u>	9,977
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$ <u>.54,758</u>	<u>171,973</u>	<u>226,731</u>

# **CURREN & COMPANY**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities:  Net income  Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided from operating activities: Unrealized and realized gains and losses Depreciation Increase in clearing deposits Increase in receivables – Clearing agent Increase in payables and accrued expenses Decrease in deferred tax asset Increase in prepaid expenses Decrease in other assets	\$ (107,267) 1,334 (9) (860) 1,324 6,490 (4,575) 2,394	\$ 9,977
Total adjustments		(101,169)
Net cash flows used for operating activities		(91,192)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from sales of securities Net purchases - Marketable securities Purchase of equipment	9,467,135 (9,285,225) (692)	
Net cash flows provided by investing activities		181,218
Cash flows from financial activities:  Decrease in payables to broker/dealer margin purchases	(86,709)	
Net cash flows used for financing activities		_(86,709)
Net increase in cash		3,317
Cash at beginning of year		<u>8,891</u>
Cash at end of year	•	\$ <u>12,208</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH INFO	ORMATION	
Cash payments for taxes		\$800
Cash payments for interest		\$ <u>5.594</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# CURREN & COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DECEMBER 31, 2006** 

#### (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Nature of Business

The Company is a registered broker-dealer incorporated under the laws of the State of California maintaining its only office in Newport Beach, California. The Company is subject to a minimum net capital requirement of \$100,000 pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1 and operates pursuant to the (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provision of SEC Rule 15c3-3 and does not hold customer funds or securities. The Company acts as an introducing broker/dealer and clears transactions on a fully disclosed basis through a clearing agent.

#### Method of Accounting

The Company maintains its books and records on the accrual basis of accounting. Security transactions and related commissions are recorded on the trade-date basis.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### SIPC

The SIPC assessment has been determined fairly in accordance with applicable instructions and was remitted timely.

#### Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Marketable Securities

The Company's securities investments, which are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term, are classified as trading securities. Trading securities are recorded at fair value on the balance sheet with the change in fair value during the period included in earnings.

# CURREN & COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

**DECEMBER 31, 2006** 

#### (2) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Furniture and computer equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is provided by the straightline method over estimated useful lives of seven and five years, respectively. At December 31, 2006, the financial statement memorandum account for fixed assets consisted of the following:

Equipment	\$ 31,834
Computers	20,508
Total	52,342
Accumulated depreciation	(50,721)
Net book value	\$ <u>_1,621</u>

#### (3) SECURITIES OWNED AT MARKET VALUE

The Company holds securities available for sale which are stated at fair market value as of December 31, 2006. These securities are listed on national exchanges and the fair value is determined based on published market prices. At December 31, 2006, the securities held had a market value of \$197,941, with gross unrealized gains of \$29,691.

#### (4) INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

	<u>Federal</u>	<u>State</u>	_Total_
Current Deferred	\$ 49 _4,083	\$ 1,100 _2,407	\$ 1,149 <u>6,490</u>
Total	\$ <u>4.132</u>	\$ <u>3.507</u>	\$ <u>7.639</u>

The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Standards No. 109 ("SFAS 109"), Accounting for Income Taxes. SFAS 109 is an asset and liability approach that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events recognized in the Company's financial statements in different periods from the tax returns. In estimating future tax consequences, SFAS 109 generally considers all expected future events other than enactment of changes in law or rates. Deferred taxes at December 31, 2006, are not material.

# CURREN & COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

**DECEMBER 31, 2006** 

#### (5) PROFIT-SHARING PLAN

The Company adopted a profit-sharing plan on December 27, 1997, covering all employees after the completion of one-year eligibility service. No contributions were made during 2006.

#### (6) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company leases office space and signed a sub-lease agreement in May 2006 expiring June 2009. The lease is in the name of the Company's president with lease payments to be made by the Company. The following is a schedule of the annual lease (rent) payments due, which are subject to an increase based on the building's operating expense allowance.

Year Ended December 31	_Amount_
2007 2008 2009	\$ 65,125 66,625 _ 39,375
Total commitments	\$ <u>171,125</u>

#### (7) NET CAPITAL

The Company is subject to a \$100,000 minimum capital requirement pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1, which requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net capital and the related net capital ratio fluctuate on a daily basis; however, as of December 31, 2006, the net capital was \$162,824 which exceeded the required minimum capital by \$62,824. The aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .58 to 1.

# CURREN & COMPANY COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1

## **DECEMBER 31, 2006**

Total ownership equity		\$ 226,731
Less non-allowable assets: Property and equipment, net Prepaid expenses Receivables – Employees	\$ 1,621 5,375 9,326 6,188	·
Deposits - Other assets Deferred tax asset	66	_(22,576)
Net capital before haircuts		204,155
Haircuts: Marketable securities (15%) Undue concentration (15%, where applicable)	29,691 _11,640	(41,331)
Net capital		\$ <u>162.824</u>
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAP	ITAL REQUIREM	ENT
Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)		\$ <u>6.315</u>
Minimum dollar net capital required		\$ <u>100.000</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of above two figures)		\$ <u>100,000</u>
Excess net capital		\$ <u>62.824</u>
COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF AGGREGATE IND	DEBTEDNESS TO	NET CAPITAL
Total aggregate indebtedness		\$ <u>94.732</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		58 to 1
Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)		N/A

# CURREN & COMPANY COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

**DECEMBER 31, 2006** 

Not Applicable – The Company is exempt pursuant to the (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provision of SEC Rule 15c3-3 and does not hold customer funds or securities.

# CURREN & COMPANY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT RULE 15c3-3

**DECEMBER 31, 2006** 

Not Applicable – The Company is exempt pursuant to the (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provision of SEC Rule 15c3-3 and does not hold customer funds or securities.

# **CURREN & COMPANY**RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL

**DECEMBER 31, 2006** 

Net capital as reported in unaudited FOCUS Report, Part IIA

\$ 147,742

Adjustment:

Correct undue concentration haircut

15.082

Net capital as reported in audited financial statements

\$ 162,824

The computation of net capital as reported in the unaudited Part IIA filing differs from the audited net capital for the reason noted above. The difference, while material, resulted in an increase in net capital and the Company is in compliance with the net capital requirements.



#### REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

The Board of Directors Curren & Company Irvine, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Curren & Company (the Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computation of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate an inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2006, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Soulich Baron Goodfow, UP

Long Beach, California February 2, 2007

END